Action Plan

for the EU Promotion of Museum Collections' Mobility and Loan Standards

Working Group 1
Loan Administration and Loan Standards

PREAMBLE

The Action Plan for the EU Promotion of Museum Collections' Mobility and Loan Standards, which was developed in 2006 during the Austrian EU Presidency and finalised during Finland's EU Presidency, summarises in six chapters the major issues regarding loan traffic. At a convention in Helsinki in July 2006 international working groups were formed to discuss and attend to various issues via e-mail.

Working group 1, the members list of which is attached, attended to the first chapter "Loan administration and loan standards" and was co-ordinated by the Federal Monuments Office in Vienna. In order to work as efficiently as possible, proposals for the documents to be drawn up were prepared by a small Austrian working group jointly with representatives of important relevant institutions (ICOM Austria, *Museumsbund* – Austrian Museums Association, *Restauratorenverband* – Austrian Association of Conservators/Restorers). The drafts were sent to all international members of the working group with a request for comments and proposals for changes, which were then incorporated in the documents. At a meeting in Vienna in March 2007 the results available by then were discussed and co-ordinated for the convention, which was held during the German EU Presidency in Munich in April 2007.

The working group focused on the difficult task of drawing up loan forms, in particular the Facilities Report and the Conditions Report. It was not necessary to draw up a model loan agreement, since that is already being developed within the scope of NEMO. The forms presented here should be considered recommendations and the first stage of a development process, which, in the end, could lead to modules in a digitalised form that will be available throughout Europe. For more detailed explanations please see the introductions to the proposed forms.

As regards the ICOM Code of Ethics a letter was sent to ICOM International, which is also attached for your information. For the convention of ICOM International, which is planned to take place in Vienna in August 2007, the organisers plan, inter alia, to report to all members of ICOM on the European initiative for the Action Plan. In this connection there will also be an opportunity to explicitly emphasise the necessity of dealing with this issue in more detail in the Code of Ethics.

The subject of art transportation is currently dealt with by an international working group

within the scope of CEN International in Brussels. Before attending to this issue any further, it

would be sensible to wait for their results.

The recommendations set forth in the "General Principles on Administration and Loans"

(Appendix 4, Lending to Europe) were taken account of in the papers presented.

The most difficult task seems to be to create and communicate clear responsibilities to all

professionals involved in the loans process, and publish loans procedures and forms online.

The clear definition of responsibilities within the museums, above all, depends on the staff

available at the individual institutions. It is not possible and hardly makes sense to define or

demand responsibilities of registrars or restorers if the specific museum has no such experts.

The procedures and responsibilities for loans may, therefore, greatly differ from each other.

Apart from museum structures, also the diversity of the objects requires procedures adapted

to the specific situation.

For that reason (in the discussions at Vienna and Munich all members of working group 1

agreed in this respect) there is no general "optimum" solution for this issue since, ultimately,

when handling loans it is a question of morality and professional ethics of all persons involved

in the loan process that long-term preservation of objects and minimisation of risks must

prevail in a conflict with economic, representative, political or scientific interests. In times of

rapidly increasing loan traffic it becomes more and more difficult to live up to this

responsibility. Therefore, intensive, including public, general communication is necessary to

create awareness of that problem within and outside the immediate circle of experts.

Vienna, July 2007

Eva-Maria Höhle

on behalf of all members of working group 1

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FACILITIES REPORT EUROPE

INTRODUCTION

The form is designed as a basic report which is intended to serve both the purpose of general investigation of framework conditions for exhibitions and special prerequisites of specific exhibition projects. The form must be suitable for museums of different types and sizes and allow easy handling also for museums that do not have a large number of staff for specific tasks in connection with loan traffic. That is why the form should be as short as possible, focus on the essential points and word the individual questions in such a way that different museum institutions will be able to answer them according to their situation.

First of all the form could be used by museums which have not yet developed a Facilities Report of their own. At the same time it could cause a lifting up of standards. In all institutions that have already developed their own Facilities Report it might be useful for further discussions. Although it would be an illusion to believe that the proposed version will lead to a harmonised form directly, it could be considered the first step into the right direction. A definitive standardisation seems only efficient when based on a digitised model, as it is impossible for a basic form of a Facilities Report of this kind to contain all detailed questions that may arise in connection with exhibitions. Therefore an additional detailed version is required which, structured in modules, presents in–depth details regarding every possible question. It should be available in digital form and retrievable in various languages for expedient Europe-wide use. If the form consists of different detail levels, different elements can be arranged individually according to the relevant case.

A comprehensive digital form covering all needs would have to be provided and maintained by an international institution (e.g. NEMO) on the internet. Drawing up a detailed digital Facilities Report requires a substantial amount of time and money which might be granted by the EU. Due to the timeframe the Mobility Working Group was not able to carry out such a project.

FACILITIES REPORT EUROPE

COMMENT

The Facilities Report Europe should be regarded as a basic version introducing the character of a museum as well as various aspects concerning exhibitions. The idea is that this basic form can be used for different types of museums, for smaller and bigger institutions and for various purposes. Every item must be filled in completely, every question must be answered.

FACILITIES REPORT EUROPE Name and Address of the Institution Logo, coat of arms **EXHIBITION INFORMATION:** Title of exhibition: Related Homepage/s: Duration of exhibition: From: To: Place of exhibition: Full address: ORGANISER/S' INFORMATION: Main Organising institution: Homepage: Full Address: Phone/s: + Fax: Country code Area code Number CONTACT PERSON: CURATOR / KEEPER / REGISTRAR Name: Position & Qualification: Full Address: Phone/s: e-mail: + Number Country code Area code CONSERVATOR - RESTORER / SUPERVISORY STAFF Name & Phone/s: + e-mail: + Country code Area code Number INFORMATION REGARDING BUILDING circle / underline your answer and answer related question if YES. Do you plan any modifications of the exhibition area during the presentation? YES NO If yes, what kind of modifications?

Do you plan any modifications of t	he building before the start of the exhibition? YES	NO
If yes, what kind of modifications?		
modifications?		
Is the building also used for other	purposes? YES	S NO
If yes, for which ones?	purposes:	3 NO
DI III DI	NO TYPE I CONTION AND OFNEDAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Location and type of building:	NG TYPE, LOCATION AND GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Escation and type of ballang.		
Building materials/exterior and interior walls:		
interior wans.		
Building materials/ceilings and floors:		
meere.		
Former uses of the building:		
	EXHIBITION AREA	
Detailed description of location and quality of the exhibition		
area:		
Specify details such as vehicle		
access, goods lift with dimensions, height and width of		
doors, covered loading bay:		
Is the exhibition room also used	YES	NO
for other purposes If yes, for which ones?		
in yes, for which ones:		
Is food, drink or smoking ever	YES	NO
permitted in the exhibition area?:		
	RESOURCES FOR HANDLING & PACKING	
	Please circle / underline your answer and answer related question	n if YES.
Who handles the loans?		
Specify position and qualification		
4		
Are the loans put in intermediate	storage? YES	NO
If yes, where?		
Where are the loans		
(un)packed?		
Where are the materials for		
packing and transportation stored?		
Storeu:		

Who deals with the condition						
reports of the loans?						
Are there conservation checks at re	egular intervals?				YES	NO
What is their frequency?						
	ENVI	RONMENTA	L CONTROL			
Temperature & Relative Humid	dity (RH) / in galler	ies / stores /	packing area	is		
What kind of temperature regulatio autumn / winter?	n do you have in					
What kind of temperature regulatio spring / summer?	n do you have in					
How is the RH regulated in autumn	/ winter?					
How is the RH regulated in spring /	summer?					

autumn / winter?				
What kind of temperature regulation do you have in spring / summer?				
How is the RH regulated in autumn / winter?				
How is the RH regulated in spring / summer?				
What kind of airing / ventilation systems are installed?				
Control systems for temperature and RH.				
general:				
in the rooms:				
in the show cases:				
Type, level and intervals of calibration:				
Room temperature during spring / summer in $^{\circ}\text{C}$?	from	to		
Room temperature during autumn / winter in °C?	from	to		
Relative humidity during spring / summer in °C?	from	to		
Relative humidity during autumn / winter in °C?	from	to		
What is the maximum usual variation percentage of te		ne exhibition rooms within	a 24 h period?	
in spring / summer?	from	to		
in autumn / winter?	from	to		
What is the maximum usual variation percentage of the	ne RH in the ext	hibition rooms within a 24	h period	
in spring / summer?				
in autumn / winter?				
Do you monitor and record temperature and RH level	s on a regular b	pasis throughout the year?	YES NO	
Do you have show cases with a self-contained air cor	ditioning and R	tH control system?		
			YES	NO
If yes, give more information:				
Lighting & UV-Radiation				
Type of lighting:				
- 25 - 2				_
Type of lighting in the show cases:				

Direct and / or Indirect:?		
How can you adjust your light levels (highest and lowest level)?		
Types of protective measures against light		
In the rooms:		
In the showcases:		
Do you have a light meter?	YES	NO
Do you have a UV meter?		
	YES	NO
How many hours per week are the loans exposed to light?		
Dust control		
How often are the rooms / parts of the room cleaned per week?		
SECU	JRITY CONDITIONS	
Fire & Water		
Describe your fire protection systems including		
smoke detectors, heat detectors, sprinkler systems, etc.:		
NA/hot turns of magnitoring in agreed out?		
What type of monitoring is carried out?		
Guarding & Invigilation		
Describe how the exhibition building and the objects		
are secured during PUBLIC HOURS:		
Number of staff in security:		
Qualification of staff:		
Describe your protection systems against robbery,		
intrusion, damage by vandals, etc		

Technical/electronic systems :	
CCTV:	
Intrusion detectors:	
Other types:	
Describe how the exhibition building and the objects are secured during closing hours.	
Number of staff in security during CLOSED hours:	
Qualification of staff:	
Technical/electronic systems :	
CCTV:	
Intrusion detectors:	
Other types:	
Are there security systems for special objects (barriers, security glass, show cases secured by automatic alarm etc.)?	
	INSURANCE
Insurance of	INSURANCE f your institution – include details of types of insurance packages
Insurance o	
Insurance of	
Insurance of	
	of your institution – include details of types of insurance packages
How many PR staff do you have in the museum?	OMMUNICATION
C	OMMUNICATION
How many PR staff do you have in the museum?	OMMUNICATION
How many PR staff do you have in the museum?	OMMUNICATION
How many PR staff do you have in the museum?	OMMUNICATION e exhibition):
How many PR staff do you have in the museum? Describe your PR (in general/concerning the	OMMUNICATION e exhibition):
How many PR staff do you have in the museum? Describe your PR (in general/concerning the	OMMUNICATION e exhibition):
How many PR staff do you have in the museum? Describe your PR (in general/concerning the percentage) Describe your pedagogic/didactic program (in general ge	OMMUNICATION e exhibition):
How many PR staff do you have in the museum? Describe your PR (in general/concerning the	OMMUNICATION e exhibition):
How many PR staff do you have in the museum? Describe your PR (in general/concerning the percentage) Describe your pedagogic/didactic program (in general ge	OMMUNICATION e exhibition):
How many PR staff do you have in the museum? Describe your PR (in general/concerning the percentage) Describe your pedagogic/didactic program (in general ge	OMMUNICATION e exhibition):

PROGRAMMING / LOAN HISTORY					
Former exhibitions with similar objects – from which museums and collections?					
Year	Name of exhibition	Lend	ding institution/s	Type of collection	S
Additional In	formation & Comments				
/ taditional in	normation a comments				
	АТТ	TACH	IMENTS		
					Mark those
					included
General Pla	n of the building indicating Exhibition Area	а			
Floor Plan o	f Exhibition Area				
Recent Phot	tos of				
	Building				
	Entrances – main and service				
	Exhibition Area/s				
Report of cli					
Verification & Responsibility The undersigned are legally authorized agents for the subject institution and have completed this report:					
The undersi	gned are legally authorized agents for the	subj	ect institution and have con	npieted this report:	
Director of ir	nstitution		Curator / Keeper / Registr	ar / Conservator - F	Restorer
Name in block I	etters		Name in block letters		

CONDITION REPORT

INTRODUCTION

As with the Facilities Report the main focus of the Condition Report should be on universal applicability. For practical reasons the form should be short (1 page) and suitable for a wide range of techniques as regards the objects but also provide room for special additional information. It must always be completed in full.

CONDITION REPORT

COMMENT

The Condition Report is part of or attachment to the loan agreement. The condition of the object and its ability to be lent have to be checked by a professional **before** consent to the loan. Conditions of loan such as the required quality and intensity of light, constant and controlled climate, instructions for installing and presentation and safety precautions have to be stated in the loan agreement. A brief summary of the necessary exhibition conditions in the condition report serves as a reminder. A photograph or a sketch can be attached or integrated into the verso of the form. Three dimensional objects should be documented by one photograph from each side. Details should be numbered, charted or clarified on the photograph or sketch.

The report is a general short version for different groups of material. It can be extended with object specific details.

CONDITION REPORT

Name and Address of the Institution Signature/inv.nr.:_____ Crate number: Logo, coat of arms Material: Dimensions: Object: _____ Exhibition: Lender: □ Loan agreement number: □ Nr. on loan list or shipping list:___ **Packing** □ Tissue paper □ Polyethylene foil □ Paper □ Air bubble wrap □ Inner box □ framed with glass/ acrylic glass □ climate controlled Instructions for installing/ presentation, safety precautions Light: _____ Temperature _____ Relative humidity _____ Other: see loan agreement for details □ Handling with gloves □ Object handling with courier only No changes are to be made without the written permission of the lender. **General condition** □ good □ damaged □ conserved/restored **Detailed condition report reverse** □ Attachment Writer of report/ Date: Name/ Signature/ Date Name/ Signature/ Date for the lender for the borrower □ no change in condition □ change in condition Name/ Signature/ Date Name/ Signature/ Date for the borrower for the lender **Confirmation of Return:**

Name/ Signature/ Date for the Institution

Sketch or photograph

□ no damage 2 □ conserved/restored 3 □ surface dirt 4 □ yellowing 5 □ faded 6 □ stains 7 □ mould 8 □ insect damage 9 □ distortion 10 □ scratches □ detached parts□ losses, missing parts 13 □ cracks □ loose or flaking paint layers 15 □ tears □ craquelure
□ retouching
□ old repairs
□ corrosion
□ abrasion 16 17 18 19 20 21 □ other damage

Additional Notes:

ICOM - CODE OF ETHICS

COMMENT

Within ICOM an international working group deals with issues of the Code of Ethics. Since the Code of Ethics is within the responsibility of ICOM and can therefore not be changed from "outside", a letter was sent to ICOM International requesting that ethical issues in connection with loan traffic will be given more attention and resulting amendments will be made to the Code of Ethics.



Conservator General

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Vienna, 2007-03-27

ICOM International Council of Museums Maison de l'UNESCO 1, rue Miollis F-75732 Paris cedex 15 FRANCE

Dear Madam, Dear Sir,

As you certainly know a group of experts from EU countries is working on a project entitled "Museum Collections' Mobility and Loan Standards" under EU Presidency activities, which is to lay the foundations for standardisation and simplification of museum loan traffic within Europe (Action Plan for the EU Promotion of Museum Collections' Mobility and Loan Standards). At a convention in Helsinki in July last year six international working groups were formed which attend to the main issues in this connection and have been asked to draw up a respective paper by June 2007. Austria has been assigned the task of co-ordinating contacts of museum experts, mainly in the form of e-mails, on the first chapter called "Loan Administration and Loan Standards", which is why I am contacting you on behalf of the said working group.

Our tasks include drawing up of "General Principles on Loan Administration and Loans" as well as "Standard Loan Forms" for a European Facilities Report and a Condition Report.

In the course of preparatory determination of subjects a revision of the ICOM Code of Ethics was also suggested as another key issue in this field. This extremely important document, which was drawn up by ICOM as the ethical foundation and guideline for handling museum collections and covers many areas of museum work, now lets it seem desirable that also the subject of loans be embodied more deeply in the so important Code of Ethics. This task is all the more urgent as statistics show that the number of loans and exhibitions has constantly risen in recent years, which take up more and more room in the work of museum institutions. The core issues which resulted from our discussions are the requirements regarding

preservation of objects and, in general, creating of awareness of loan conditions, including transport, exhibition environment with all relevant specific questions and preservation-related observance of loans. Since, as we have learnt, a separate working group within ICOM International deals with the Code of Ethics, I am taking the liberty of addressing you with the request of the international working group "Museums Collections' Mobility and Loan Standards" to give your attention to this issue, which, as we believe, is the order of the day in the light of recent developments.

The six current working groups will present their results during the German EU Presidency in June. I will be pleased to submit our share of the work to you as soon as the final version will be available.

Yours sincerely,

Dr. Eva-Maria Höhle

EM Withle

Chair of the Working Group I "Loan Administration and Loan Standards"

EU-Promotion of Museum Collections' Mobility and Loan Standards

ART TRANSPORTATION

Concerning art transportation Working Group 1 restricts itself to forwarding the following information. At European level uniform minimum requirements for art transportation will, in practice, most of all be achieved by means of standards. CEN International in Brussels is in charge thereof. The working groups of CEN International draw up and co-ordinate bases throughout Europe, which will then be submitted to the national standards institutes and embedded in national standards by them. Currently, an international group called "Transportation and Packaging Methods" is working on standards regarding requirements for transportation and packaging methods and show cases. The working group, which is located in the "Art and Culture" committee, commenced work only recently and will in future be engaged in surveying the transportation standards currently applicable in the individual European countries.

Apart from such international activities, the national standards institutes may develop their own standards which, in turn, serve as basic documents for creating a European standard which may be incorporated in the work of European committees. An example of such a national standard is the ÖNORM [Austrian Standard] D 1000 "Transport Services - Requirements for Art Transportation".

As we have learnt, also ICOM International is considering to establish a Committee for Art Transports.

In principle, an accreditation of art transporters seems to make sense. What remains to be discussed and clarified is the question of the type of institution that could be in charge of accreditations and how such accreditations can be supervised and kept up-to-date. In general it has to be mentioned that in specific cases of loans the specific transportation conditions will have to be specified by the responsible lenders.